EUROMOD Functions & Parameters I

Olga Rastrigina

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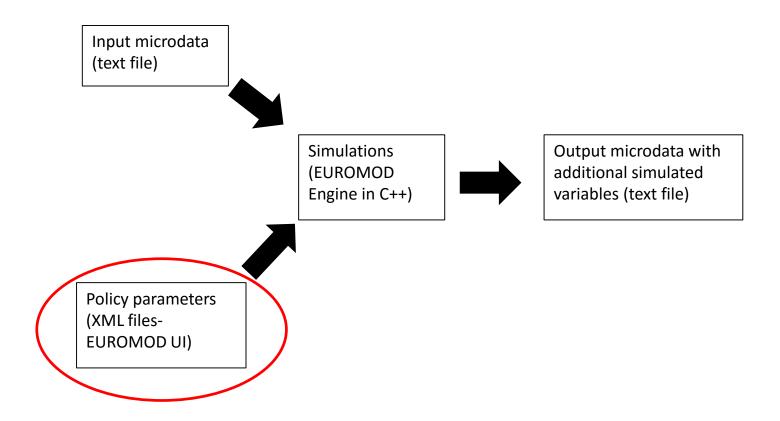








Structure











EUROMOD functions









EUROMOD functions

Building blocks to implement policies

- Stored in XML
- Manipulated via the User Interface
- Calculations in EUROMOD executable (C++ code)

EUROMOD language

- Flexible
- Harmonised
- Parameterised
- Sufficient
- Transparent and documented (In-built HELP)



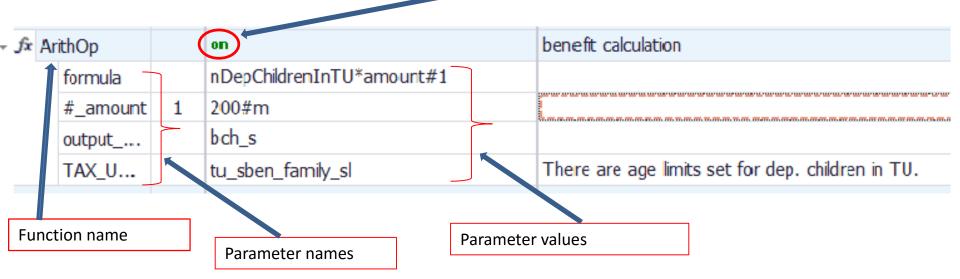






Structure of a function

Switch: on / off / n/a / toggle / switch











Type of functions

System functions

- functions used to define some general settings
- E.g. uprating, default values for datasets, etc.

Policy functions

- functions used to implement tax-benefit policies
- E.g. define eligibility, calculate amount, etc.

Special functions

- more advanced functions that perform more complicated tasks
- E.g. loops, change parameters at run-time, etc.
- (not covered in this course)









Manipulating functions

J	ysc_	, 3 1			DELL'I CCOUC IICGULITE DE	an employment meonic to
6	→ • sic_9	sl		on	SIC: Social Insurance C	ontributions
6.1	→ fx Sc	hedC <u>alc</u>		on	employer's contribution	
6.1.1		base	Add Fund	tion Before		
6.1.2		band	Add Fund	tion After		right-click on
6.1.3		uplin	Delete Fu	nction(s) Del	i.e. switched off	function or
6.1.4		outp	Copy Fun	ction		parameter
6.1.5		TAX	Paste Fun	ction Before		name to
6.2	→ fx Sc	hedC	Paste Fun	ction After	employee's contribution	activate menu
6.2.1		base	Move Fur	nction(s) Up Ctrl+Up		activate menu
6.2.2		band	Move Fur	nction(s) Down Ctrl+Down		
6.2.3		uplim	Copy Ider	ntifier	i.e. switched off	
6.2.4		outp	Copy Syn	nbolic Identifier		
6.2.5		TAX	Expand A	II Functions		
6.3	→ fx Sc	hedC	Collapse /	All Functions	self-employed contribution	
6.3.1		base	Delete Pa	rameter(s) Del		
6.3.2		banc	Show Add	d Parameter Form Ctrl+A		
6.3.3		uplim		325#m		
6.3.4		output		tscse_s		
6.3.5		TAX_U		tu_individual_sl		
7	. <u> </u>	-1		an an	DEM. Child Danafit	









EUROMOD policies









Policies (I)

Policy is a **block of functions** that complete a policy simulation It can be manipulated independently:

- switch affects all functions in the policy
- can be copied / moved

Policy names (usually) end with the country acronym

Policies can have any name ...but in practice we use naming conventions

The **comment** explains what the policy intends to simulate Policies can be:

- common to all countries (ex: defining output)
- country specific (ex: means-tested child benefit)

Order of policies is called the 'spine'









Policies (II)

policy description policy switch policy name → 🌖 sic sl SIC: Social Insurance Contributions on 6.1 → fx SchedCalc employer's contribution on 6.1.1 base yem 6.1.2 band rate 0.16.1.3 uplim 999999999.99#m i.e. switched off 6.1.4 output_... tscer_s TAX U... tu_individual_sl 6.1.5 employee's contribution 6.2 → fx SchedCalc 6.2.1 base yem policy made 6.2.2 band_rate 0.05 up of 3 6.2.3 uplim 999999999.99#m i.e. switched off **functions** 6.2.4 output_... tscee_s tu individual sl 6.2.5 TAX U... → fx SchedCalc self-employed contribution 6.3 6.3.1 base vse 6.3.2 band_rate 0.136.3.3 uplim 325#m 6.3.4 output_... tscse_s TAX_U... tu_individual_sl 6.3.5

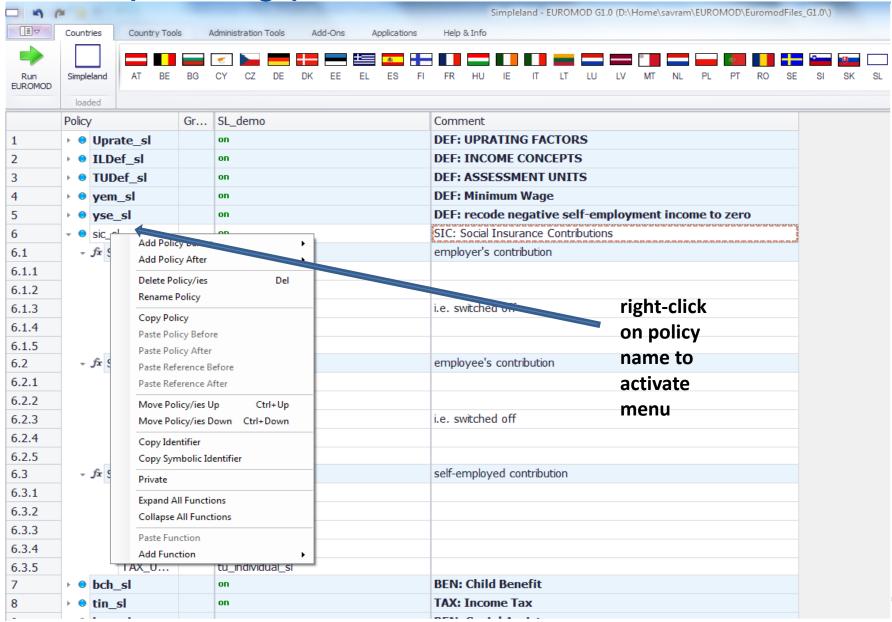








Manipulating policies



EUROMOD functions: Elig & ArithOp









Function **Elig**

- Used to implement conditions
- Condition is defined in parameter elig_cond
- Creates a variable which is equal to 0 or 1 (by default sel_s)
- Subsequent functions use this information via parameter who_must_be_elig

1.4		C111			CONTRIBUTION DUSC
7.3	√ fx E	Elig		on	Eligibility for employee pension incurance contribution
7.3.1		elig_cond		{dag >= \$tscag18} & {dag <= \$tscag67} & {il_tsceebs >= \$tsceex}	Age between 18 - 67 and contribution base above limit
7.3.2		TAX_UNIT		tu_individual_fi	
7.4	→ Jîx B	BenCalc		on-	Occupational pension contribution
7.4.1		who_must_be_elig		one	
7.4.2		comp_cond	1	{dag < \$tscpiag}	Pension contribution below age limit
7.4.3		comp_perTU	1	il_tsceebs * \$tsceepirt1	
7.4.4		comp_cond	2	{dag >= \$tscpiag}	Pension contribution at or above age limit
7.4.5		comp_perTU	2	il_tsceebs * \$tsceepirt2	
7.4.6		result_var		tsceepi_s	Employee pension contribution
7.4.7		output_var		tscee_s	Employee social contributions
7.4.8		TAX_UNIT		tu_individual_fi	

Function **ArithOp**

- Arithmetical calculator
- The parameter formula contains some calculations
- The result is stored as output variable in parameter output_var

12	-	U.	scer_uk		UII	SIC: employer national insurance contribution
13	-	bunct_uk			on	BEN: contributory unemployment benefit (Job Seekers Allowance)
13.1		⊦ fs	Elig		OD.	Eligibility conditions taken from the data plus check of all conditions being satisfied
13.2		r B	Elig		off	Eligibility conditions fully simulated
13.3		→ fi	ArithOp		on	Base for disregards for Pensions and Earnings
13.3.1			formula		(0 < max > (ypp + boactcm - amount#1)) + (0 < max > (yem + yse - amount#2))	
13.3.2			#_amount	1	\$JSAIncdisPen	
13.3.3			#_amount	2	\$JSAIncdisEarn	
13.3.4			output_var		sin01_s	
13.3.5			TAX_UNIT		tu_individual_uk	
13.4		⊦ Ja	r BenCalc		on	Amount









Parameters









Parameters (I)

Can be:

- Common to several functions / Specific to one function
- Compulsory / Optional

Order of parameters in a function is not important

but order of functions in a policy is!!

Manipulated via context menu (right click)









Parameters (II)

,	5				insurance contribution
7.3.1	elig_cond	Add Function Before	_	= \$tscag18} & {dag <= \$tscag67} ebs >= \$tsceeex}	Age between 18 - 67 and contribution base above limit
7.3.2	TAX_UNIT	Add Function After	•	lual_fi	
7.4	→ fx BenCalc	Delete Function(s)	Del		Occupational pension contribution
7.4.1	who_mus	Copy Function			
7.4.2	comp_cor	Paste Function Before Paste Function After		tscpiag}	Pension contribution below age limit
7.4.3	comp_per	Move Function(s) Up	Ctrl+Up	* \$tsceepirt1	
7.4.4	comp_cor	Move Function(s) Down	Ctrl+Down	\$tscpiag}	Pension contribution at or above age limit
7.4.5	comp_per	Copy Identifier Copy Symbolic Identifier		* \$tsceepirt2	
7.4.6	result_var	Expand All Functions			Employee pension contribution
7.4.7	output_va	Collapse All Functions			Employee social contributions
7.4.8	TAX_UNIT	Delete Parameter(s)	Del	lual_fi	
7.5	→ 🖈 BenCalc	Show Add Parameter Form	Ctrl+A		Unemployment contribution
7.6	→ 🖈 BenCalc		on		Sickness daily allowance contribution

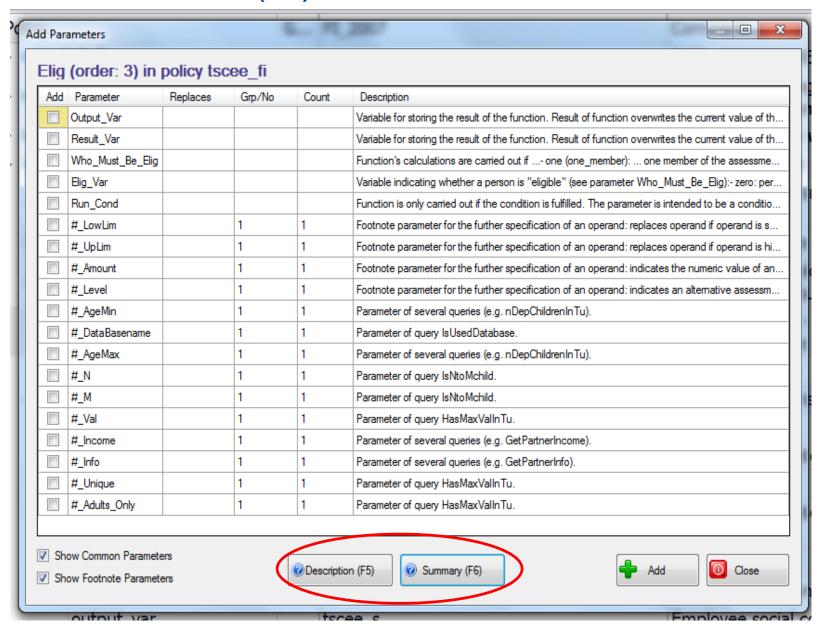








Parameters (III)



Common output parameters

- Output_var, output_add_var
- Either output_var or output_add_var must be indicated!
- Exception: func_Elig → sel_s

16	- • tscee_el	on	SIC: employee social insurance contributions - private sector (IKA)
16.1	∍ 🖈 Elig	on	Eligibility
16.2	<i>f</i> ∗ BenCalc	on	Contribution base: upper earnings threshold
16.3	→ 🟂 ArithOp	on	Contribution base
16.4	→ 🖈 ArithOp	on	Primary pension
16.4.1	formula	sin02_s * 6.67%	
16.4.2	output_var	tsceepi_s	
16.4.3	TAX_UNIT	tu_individual_el	
16.5	→ fx BenCalc	on	Primary pension: extra for hazardous occupations
16.6	- 🖈 ArithOp	on	Supplementary pension
16.6.1	formula	sin02_s * 3%	
16.6.2	output_add_var	tsceepi_s	(add) - same variable used
16.6.3	TAX_UNIT	tu_individual_el	
16.7	⊦ 🟂 BenCalc	on	Supplementary pension: extra for hazardous occupations
16.8	→ 🟂 ArithOp	on	Sickness insurance









Common parameter TAX_UNIT

TAX_UNIT defines the **assessment unit** a function refers to:

- Individual (tu_individual_xx)
- Household (tu_household_xx)
- Various definitions of family units (various names, e.g. tu_family_xx)

Compulsory for most policy functions!

7	- • bc	h_sl		on	BEN: Child Benefit
7.1	- fx	ArithOp		on	benefit calculation
7.1.1		formula		nDepChildrenInTU* unt#1	
7.1.2		#_amount	1	200#m	
7.1. 3		output_var		bch_s	
7.1.4		TAX_UNIT		tu_sben_family_sl	There are age limits s
7.2	→ fx E	lig		n/a	
_	4.50	•			TAV. T









Common eligibility parameters (I)

who_must_be_elig: calculations of the function are carried
out if...

- one: one member of the assessment unit is eligible
- one_adult: one adult member of the assessment unit is eligible
- all: all members of the assessment unit are eligible
- all_adults: all adult members of the assessment unit are eligible
- nobody: calculations are carried out for each assessment unit (default)

By default eligibility is determined by the variable sel_s (can use other variable in parameter elig_var)

- 0: person is not eligible
- 1: person is eligible









Common eligibility parameters (II)

					by citiployees
12.2	√ fx	Elig		on	
12.2.1		elig_cond		{lse_s=1}	
12.2.2		TAX_UNIT		tu_individual_ro	
12.3	→ fx þ	ArithOp		on	Health insurance contributions paid by the self-employed on income other than intelelctual property
12.3.1		who_must_be_elig		one	
12.3.2		formula		0.055*ysetx_s#1	Note: health insurance contribution due on self-employment income even when employed
12.3.3		#_lowlim	1	\$MinWage	Note: lower limit on which contributions payable
12.3.4		lowlim		0	Make sure not negative
12.3.5		result_var		tscsehl_s	note:no health insurance due on intelectual property income unless sole source of income ;(simulated in contributed hic)
12.3.6		output_add_var		tschl_s	
12.3.7		TAX_UNIT		tu_individual_ro	
					Health insurance contributions paid









Common eligibility parameters (III)

6	• sic_sl	on	SIC: Soci
7	• • bch_sl	on	BEN: Chil
7.1	→ ∱ ArithOp	on	benefit cal
7.2	- ∮ Elig	n/a	
7.2.:	Elig_Cond	$\{dag>=80\}$	
7.2.;	TAX_UNIT	tu_household_sl	
8	• tin_sl	on	TAX: Inco
9	• • bsa_sl	on	BEN: Soc
0.1	. & Elia	off	oligibility r

				who_must_be_elig				
idhh	idperson	dag	sel_s	one	one_adult	all	all_adults	nobody
1	11	80	?	?	?	?	?	?
1	12	60	?	?	?	?	?	?
1	13	40	?	?	?	?	?	?
2	21	80	?	?	?	?	?	?
2	22	6	?	?	?	?	?	?
3	31	80	?	?	?	?	?	?
4	41	40	?	?	?	?	?	?
4	42	40	?	?	?	?	?	?









Common eligibility parameters (III)

6	• sic_sl	on	SIC: Soci
7	• • bch_sl	on	BEN: Chil
7.1	- ∱ ArithOp	on	benefit cal
7.2	- ∱ Elig	n/a	
7.2.:	Elig_Cond	{dag>=80}	
7.2.;	TAX_UNIT	tu_household_sl	
8	• tin_sl	on	TAX: Inco
9	• • bsa_sl	on	BEN: Soc
0 1	. € Elia	off	aliaibility r

				wł	no_m	ust_b	e_eli	g
idhh	idperson	dag	sel_s	one	one_adult	all	all_adults	nobody
1	11	80	1	1	1	0	0	1
1	12	60	0	1	1	0	0	1
1	13	40	0	1	1	0	0	1
2	21	80	1	1	1	0	1	1
2	22	6	0	1	1	0	1	1
3	31	80	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	41	40	0	0	0	0	0	1
4	42	40	0	0	0	0	0	1









Common limiting parameters

- Lowlim (lower limit)
- Uplim (upper limit)

0.5	- Octrodoctio		ocii ciribi
6.4	- ∱ ArithOp	on	
6.4.1	Formula	yem*0.2	
6.4.2	LowLim	50#m	
6.4. 3	UpLim	200#m	
6.4.4	Output_Var	sin01_s	
6.4.5	TAX_UNIT	tu_individual_sl	
7	a bab al	<u>.</u> .	DENI. Ch









Linking functions









Interactions between functions (I)

The functions interact in three ways:

1. Input:

One function calculates a variable Subsequent function uses it

-	- ∱ ArithOp		on	Tax base
	formula		il_tinnaty - il_tinnata	Tax base
	lowlim		0	
$ \leftarrow $	output var		i_tinnatb	Tax base
	TAX_UNIT		tu_individual_fi	
-	- ∮≈ BenCalc		on	Tax schedule: amount for first band
	comp_cond	1	(i_tinnatb > \$tinnatslt01}	
	comp_perTU	1	\$tinnatsam01	
	output_var		i_tinnagt	State tax: gross tax (i.e., before tax credits)
	TAX_UNIT		tu_individual_fi	









Interactions between functions (II)

2. Condition:

One function evaluates a condition Subsequent function uses it

+ ∱x Е	lig		on	Liable to pay SIC
elig cond			{il_tscee_base>0}	
	TAX_UNIT		tu_individual_ro	
- fx S	chedCalc		on	
	who_must_be_elig		one	
	base		(il_tscee_base*12)/yemmy	Adjust base for number of months worked
	band_rate	1	0.095	
	band_uplim	1	5*\$AvGrossWage	"Upper ceiling 2007, 2011, 2012"
	band_rate	2	0	
	output_var		tsceepi_s	
	TAX_UNIT		tu_individual_ro	









Interactions between functions (III)

3. Addition:

One function calculates a part of a policy
Subsequent function calculates another part
And both parts are added up

→ fx S	chedCalc		on	Class A: contribution (per month in work)
	who_must_be		one	
	base		int_tscee_base	contribution base
	band_rate	1	0.085	8.5%
	band_uplim	1	356#w	on incomes up to €356
	band_rate	2	0.1075	10.75% if income exceeds that limit
	simple_prog		yes	i.e. apply relevant rate on the whole income
	output_var		tscer_s	
	TAX_UNII		tu_individual_ie	
→ Æ A	rithOp		on	Class A: contribution (average per month)
→ fx E	lig		on	Class J: eligibility
→ Jîx A	rithOp		on	Class J: contribution
	who_must_be		one	
	formula		il_tscee_base * 0.5%	(here unadjusted as proportional anyway)
	output_add_var		tscer_s	(add)
	TAX_UNIT		tu_individual_ie	

Allocation of result of a function

It is always assigned to the head of the assessment unit

For all other members of the unit output variable is zero







